

PORTLAND POLICE BUREAU
STRATEGIC SERVICES DIVISION

STOPS DATA COLLECTION

2ND QUARTER REPORT 2019

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EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

- From April 1, 2019 through June 30, 2019, PPB personnel reported stopping 8,569 drivers and pedestrians – a slight increase over the 8,114 stops made last quarter.
 - White subjects accounted for 65% of all stops citywide, followed by Black or African American (17%), Hispanic or Latino (10%), Asian (5%), Middle Eastern (2%), Native Hawaiian or Other Pacific Islander (1%) and American Indian or Alaskan Native (1%).
 - All groups of perceived race / ethnicity subjects were stopped at similar rates to the prior quarter.

- Traffic Division officers stopped 3,704 drivers and 28 pedestrians during the time period.
 - White subjects accounted for 72% of all stops citywide, followed by Black or African American (10%), Hispanic or Latino (10%), Asian (5%), Middle Eastern (2%), Native Hawaiian or Other Pacific Islander (1%) and American Indian or Alaskan Native (less than 1%).
 - All groups of perceived race / ethnicity subjects were stopped at similar rates to the prior quarter.

- Officers from patrol, investigation, and other support divisions completed 4,597 driver stops and 240 pedestrian stops.
 - White subjects accounted for 60% of all stops citywide, followed by Black or African American (22%), Hispanic or Latino (10%), Asian (4%), Middle Eastern (2%), Native Hawaiian or Other Pacific Islander (1%) and American Indian or Alaskan Native (1%).
 - All groups of perceived race / ethnicity subjects were stopped at similar rates to the prior quarter.

- Less than 1 percent of individuals contacted had a perceived mental health issue, similar to prior quarters

DATA SOURCE

The Portland Police Bureau's (PPB) goal is to be a leader in the collection and analysis of traffic and pedestrian stops data and to continually improve the quality of the processes involved in both collecting and analyzing the data. PPB recognizes that examining police stops is an important part of understanding policing practices, assessing services to the community, and identifying areas that may benefit from change.

On June 27, 2018, the PPB transitioned to a new data collection system to meet State reporting requirements outlined in ORS 131.935¹. Sworn personnel from all divisions use the new Stops system to report information about the stop including perceived demographic characteristics of the stopped individual, the statutory reason for the stop, and the outcome of the stop, including if a search was conducted.

From April 1, 2019 through June 30, 2019, PPB officers recorded 9,918 interactions using the Stops data collection application. Of those reports, 1,349 records were excluded as a duplicate record, misclassified interaction, or passenger stop, leaving 8,569 records to analyze.

The PPB quarterly reports are intended to provide timely analysis on key metrics related to stops by PPB officers. Annual reports and special updates are intended to provide a more comprehensive review of the available data.

Historical data on police stops collected since 2001 can be found at the following web address, <http://www.portlandoregon.gov/police/65520>.

¹ https://www.oregonlegislature.gov/bills_laws/ors/ors131.html

DATA OVERVIEW

During 79th Legislative Assembly in 2017, the Oregon State Legislature passed HB 2355 which required the Portland Police Bureau to collect specific data related to officer-initiated traffic and pedestrian stops by July 1, 2018. The law required the Bureau, which first began collecting data on officer-initiated traffic and pedestrian stops in 2001, to make some minor adjustments to become compliant with new State standards. The Bureau also took the opportunity to refine and enhance the existing Stops Data Collection (SDC) that was in place since 2011. Some of these adjustments and enhancements are described below.

Modified perceived race and ethnicity options

The State of Oregon Criminal Justice Commission (CJC) mandated several changes to PPB's collection of the perceived race and ethnicity of stopped subjects. Two new race/ethnicity categories were added: Middle Eastern and Native Hawaiian or Other Pacific Islander. The State also mandated that officers assign a named category for each stopped subject, eliminating the use of Other and Unknown categories. PPB officers have been trained to only use their perception of the stopped subject's race and/or ethnicity instead of verbally inquiring. These changes make comparisons to prior reports problematic and difficult.

Pedestrian stop definition

The State of Oregon defines a pedestrian stop as “a detention of a pedestrian... not associated with a call for service, when the detention results in a citation, an arrest, or a consensual search.”² This is a narrower definition than the PPB uses as the Bureau requires a Stops report for all pedestrian interactions, not associated with a call for service, where an officer “reasonably suspects that a person has committed or is about to commit a crime”³ – regardless of the Stop's outcome. Due to the variation in definitions, PPB's self-reported pedestrian stop numbers will be higher than State-generated statistics.

Data accuracy and accountability

Since 2011, the PPB has implemented a notification system to track and alert police personnel of incomplete records. Officers initiating an interaction receive a notification through the CAD system that a report needs to be completed with a “flag” remaining present on the officer's home screen inside the MDT until the report is completed. As an additional layer of accountability, the officer's lieutenant is also notified by email about the outstanding entry each week until the form is completed.

² ORS 131.930

³ ORS 131.615

BUREAU-WIDE STOP DEMOGRAPHICS

The first section of the analysis examines drivers and pedestrians stopped by all sworn Portland Police Bureau personnel, regardless of assignment or subdivision. Most stops performed by PPB officers occur inside Portland city limits; however, a limited number of stops occur in other jurisdictions, such as Multnomah County, Beaverton, and Gresham.

In the 2nd Quarter of 2019, Portland Police personnel stopped 8,569 drivers and pedestrians. Driver stops accounted for 97 percent (8,301) of all analyzed stops.

Table 1. Race of Drivers Stopped by PPB Officers, Citywide

Race/Ethnicity	Count	Percent
American Indian or Alaskan Native	48	0.6%
Asian	395	4.8%
Black or African American	1,432	17.3%
Hispanic or Latino	843	10.2%
Middle Eastern	131	1.6%
Native Hawaiian or Other Pacific Islander	66	0.8%
White	5,386	64.9%
Total	8,301	100.0%

Table 2. Race of Pedestrians Stopped by PPB Officers, Citywide

Race/Ethnicity	Count	Percent
American Indian or Alaskan Native	5	1.9%
Asian	3	1.1%
Black or African American	38	14.2%
Hispanic or Latino	14	5.2%
Middle Eastern	1	0.4%
Native Hawaiian or Other Pacific Islander	2	0.7%
White	205	76.5%
Total	268	100.0%

TRAFFIC DIVISION

This section examines drivers and pedestrians stopped by officers assigned to the Traffic Division. These units are not spread evenly throughout the city but instead provide focused traffic enforcement on Portland roadways and highways with traffic safety issues. This often includes enforcement missions on main arterials such as Highway 30, the Interstate Highways and major roadways such as Division Street, Powell Boulevard or 82nd Avenue.

In the second quarter of 2019, Traffic officers stopped 3,732 drivers and pedestrians. Of those stopped by Traffic, about 99 percent (3,704) were driver stops and 1 percent (28) were pedestrian stops.

Table 3. Race of Drivers Stopped by Traffic, Citywide

Race/Ethnicity	Count	Percent
American Indian or Alaskan Native	8	0.2%
Asian	183	4.9%
Black or African American	390	10.5%
Hispanic or Latino	364	9.8%
Middle Eastern	58	1.6%
Native Hawaiian or Other Pacific Islander	21	0.6%
White	2,680	72.4%
Total	3,704	100.0%

Table 4. Race of Pedestrians Stopped by Traffic, Citywide

Race/Ethnicity	Count	Percent
American Indian or Alaskan Native	0	0.0%
Asian	1	3.6%
Black or African American	1	3.6%
Hispanic or Latino	1	3.6%
Middle Eastern	1	3.6%
Native Hawaiian or Other Pacific Islander	0	0.0%
White	24	85.7%
Total	28	100.0%

PATROL, INVESTIGATIVE, AND SUPPORT UNITS

Officers assigned to other divisions in the Portland Police Bureau, specifically Patrol, Investigative, and Support Units including the Gun Violence Reduction Team, initiate traffic and pedestrian stops to help prevent and reduce crime, particularly violent crime, and respond to citizen concerns and complaints. Most officers are assigned to precincts and conduct patrols or respond to calls for service on foot, bicycle, or in patrol cars.

From April through June 2019, Non-Traffic officers made a total of 4,837 driver and pedestrian stops. Of those individuals stopped, 95 percent (4,597) were driver stops and 5 percent (240) were pedestrian stops.

Table 5. Race of Drivers Stopped by Non-Traffic Officers, Citywide

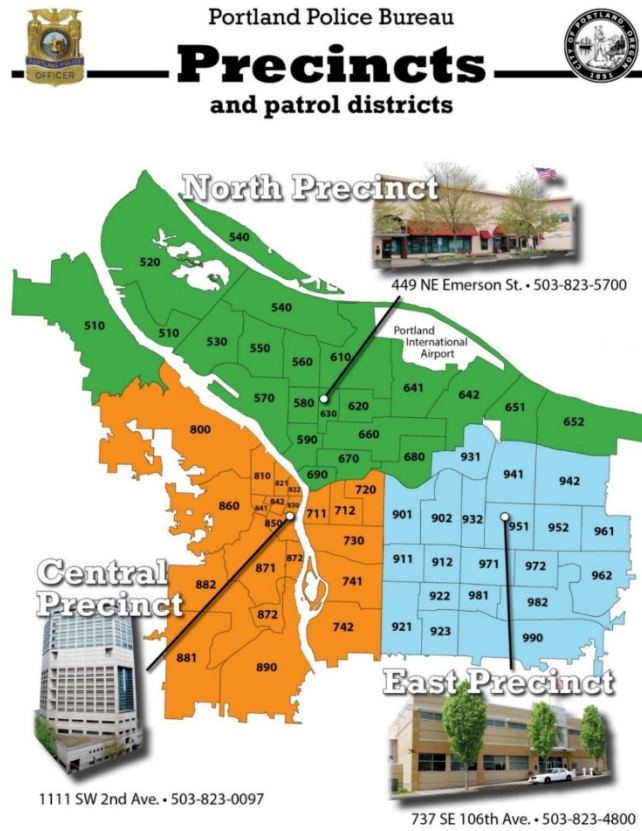
Race/Ethnicity	Count	Percent
American Indian or Alaskan Native	40	0.9%
Asian	212	4.6%
Black or African American	1,042	22.7%
Hispanic or Latino	479	10.4%
Middle Eastern	73	1.6%
Native Hawaiian or Other Pacific Islander	45	1.0%
White	2,706	58.9%
Total	4,597	100.0%

Table 6. Race of Pedestrians Stopped by Non-Traffic Officers, Citywide

Race/Ethnicity	Count	Percent
American Indian or Alaskan Native	5	2.1%
Asian	2	0.8%
Black or African American	37	15.4%
Hispanic or Latino	13	5.4%
Middle Eastern	0	0.0%
Native Hawaiian or Other Pacific Islander	2	0.8%
White	181	75.4%
Total	240	100.0%

STOP LOCATIONS

The City of Portland is divided into three precincts with each precinct divided into 20 smaller patrol districts.



Of the 8,301 driver stops initiated in the 2nd Quarter of 2019, 93 percent (7,743) were successfully coded to a location. Of those stops with an identified location, 99 percent (7,651) occurred within Portland.

Table 7. Counts of Drivers Stopped by PPB Officers in Each Precinct

Precinct	Count	Percent
Central Precinct	2,129	27.5%
East Precinct	3,108	40.1%
North Precinct	2,414	31.2%
Outside Portland	92	1.2%
Total	7,743	100.0%

Table 8. Race of Drivers Stopped by PPB Officers in Central Precinct

Race/Ethnicity	Count	Percent
American Indian or Alaskan Native	16	0.8%
Asian	95	4.5%
Black or African American	255	12.0%
Hispanic or Latino	168	7.9%
Middle Eastern	49	2.3%
Native Hawaiian or Other Pacific Islander	13	0.6%
White	1,533	72.0%
Total	2,129	100.0%

Table 9. Race of Drivers Stopped by PPB Officers in East Precinct

Race/Ethnicity	Count	Percent
American Indian or Alaskan Native	18	0.6%
Asian	186	6.0%
Black or African American	600	19.3%
Hispanic or Latino	333	10.7%
Middle Eastern	47	1.5%
Native Hawaiian or Other Pacific Islander	28	0.9%
White	1,896	61.0%
Total	3,108	100.0%

Table 10. Race of Drivers Stopped by PPB Officers in North Precinct

Race/Ethnicity	Count	Percent
American Indian or Alaskan Native	12	0.5%
Asian	78	3.2%
Black or African American	499	20.7%
Hispanic or Latino	292	12.1%
Middle Eastern	28	1.2%
Native Hawaiian or Other Pacific Islander	19	0.8%
White	1,486	61.6%
Total	2,414	100.0%

PERCEIVED MENTAL HEALTH STATUS

This section of the analysis examines the perceived mental health status of drivers, pedestrians and passengers of individuals contacted during traffic stops. These data represent the entire data set for the PPB and include officers assigned to all units and divisions.

In Quarter 2, 2019, Portland Police officers stopped 8,612 drivers, passengers and pedestrians⁴. Of this total, there were no perceived mental health issues in 99 percent (8,488) of individuals contacted, perceived mental health issues in less than 1 percent of individuals contacted (34), and 1 percent (90) of individuals contacted where the mental health status was unknown.

Table 11. Perceived Mental Health Status of Drivers, Passengers, and Pedestrians Stopped by Portland Police Bureau Personnel

	No Perceived Mental Health Issues	Perceived Mental Health Issues	Unknown Mental Health Issues
Traffic	3,728	14	8
Non-Traffic	4,760	20	82
Total	8,488	34	90

⁴ The total population of analysis differs from overall stops report as passengers are included in the analysis of perceived mental health status.